



Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) v-xiv

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# Contents

# Articles

### RenQuan Zeng, XiangKai Fu, ChengBin Gong, Yan Sui, XueBing Ma, XinBin Yang

A new type of the mixed zirconium phosphate phosphonate support and the solid base are prepared, The compounds are characterized by elemental analysis, IR, XRPD, <sup>31</sup>P MAS NMR, TG, DTG and DSC.

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Preparation and catalytic property of the solid base supported on the mixed zirconium phosphate phosphonate for Knoevenagel condensation

$H_2O_3PCH_2CH_2NR^1R^2$	ZrOCl <sub>2</sub> •8H <sub>2</sub> O, Nal 12 h, 60-70	$\stackrel{\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4}{\sim} \mathbf{\sum} \text{Zr}(\text{HPO}_4)_{1.35}(\text{O}_3\text{PCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^1\text{R}^2)_{0.65} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$
	5% NaOH	$Zr(Na,HPO_4)_{1.35}(O_3PCH_2CH_2NR^1R^2)_{0.65}\bullet H_2O$

# Chengcai Luo, Yuhong Zhang, Yanguang Wang

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Palladium nanoparticles in poly(ethyleneglycol): the efficient and recyclable catalyst for Heck reaction Palladium nanoparticles were prepared by applying poly(ethyleneglycol) (PEG) and  $Pd(OAc)_2$  in the absence of other chemical agents. The asprepared palladium nanoparticles were found to be a highly stable and reusable catalyst for Heck reaction.



## Xian-ying Shi, Jun-fa Wei

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Oxidation of alcohols with  $H_2O_2$  catalyzed by bisquaternary phosphonium peroxotungstates (or peroxomolybdates) under halide- and organic solvent-free condition Several novel kinds of bis-quaternary phosphonium salts of peroxotungstate and peroxomolybdate, such as  $Ph_3P(CH_2)_2PPh_3[W(O_2)_4]\cdot 2H_2O$ ,  $Ph_3P(CH_2)_2PPh_3[W(O_2)_4]\cdot 2H_2O$ ,  $Ph_3P(CH_2)_2PPh_3[W(O_2)_2(C_2O_4)]\cdot 2H_2O$ , and  $Ph_3P(CH_2)_2PPh_3[MOO(O_2)_2(C_2O_4)]\cdot 2H_2O$ , have been synthesized and characterized by elemental analysis, IR and Raman spectroscopy. Their catalytic properties in oxidation of cyclohexanol and benzyl alcohol to cyclohexanone, benzaldehyde or benzoic acid were investigated with aqueous 30% hydrogen peroxide under halide- and organic solvent-free conditions

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### Otmar J. Sonderegger, Gabriel M.-W. Ho, Thomas Bürgi, Alfons Baiker

Different  $\alpha$ -hydroxyketones have been hydrogenated on Pt/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> modified with CD, MeOCD and PhOCD, with CD showing best catalytic performance affording 60–80% ee depending on the substrate.

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Enantioselective hydrogenation of  $\alpha$ -hydroxyketones over cinchona-modified Pt: influence of reactant and modifier structure



#### Abir De Sarkar, Badal C. Khanra

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 25

CO oxidation and NO reduction over supported Pt-Rh and Pd-Rh nanocatalysts: a comparative study Microkinetic model has been used to demonstrate that Pd-Rh is a better CO oxidation catalyst, while Pt-Rh is a better NO reduction catalyst. Sulphur deactivates the Pd-Rh catalyst more than the Pt-Rh catalyst.



### C.R. Reddy, Pushpa Iyengar, Gopalpur Nagendrappa, B.S. Jai Prakash

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 31

Esterification of succinic anhydride to di-(p-cresyl) succinate over  $M^{n+}$ -montmorillonite clay catalysts

Esterification of succinic anhydride to di-(*p*-cresyl) succinate over montmorillonite clay exchanged with different cations ( $M^{n+}$ -mont;  $M^{n+}$ =Al<sup>3+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup> and H<sup>+</sup>) is demonstrated. Among the clay catalysts studied, Al<sup>3+</sup> and H<sup>+</sup>-mont are found to be more active for the esterification of succinic anhydride with *p*-cresol. The activity of  $M^{n+}$ -mont was found to be correlated with the charge to radius ratio of  $M^{n+}$ -ions exchanged in the clay layer. The influence of molar ratio of reactants, reaction time, and catalyst amount on the esterification reaction have been investigated. Regeneration and reusability of the clay catalyst have also been examined.



### Li Lin, Huang Xiang-Liang, Li Guang-Xing

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 39 A new three-component catalytic system,  $PdCl_2/bipy/M(CF_3SO_3)_n$ , was studied for copolymerization of styrene with CO to prepare alternating polyketone. The copolymer was characterized by elemental analysis, FTIR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, DSC and TGA. The effects of  $M(CF_3SO_3)_n$ , ligands, *p*-benzoquinone/PdCl<sub>2</sub> ratio, solvents, and reaction temperatures on the reaction have been discussed in detail.





## Antonio L. Braga, Diogo S. Lüdtke, Ludger A. Wessjohann, Márcio W. Paixão, Paulo H. Schneider

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 47

A chiral disulfide derived from (R)-cysteine in the enantioselective addition of diethylzinc to aldehydes: loading effect and asymmetric amplification

A chiral disulfide is described to catalyze the enantioselective addition of diethylzinc to benzaldehyde with high enantioselectivities. Nonlinear effects have also been evaluated and it has been found to be strictly linear.



#### Kegong Fang, Jie Ren, Yuhan Sun

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 51

Effect of nickel precursors on the performance of Ni/AlMCM-41 catalysts for *n*-dodecane hydroconversion

The effect of different nickel precursors on the performance of Ni/AIMCM-41 catalysts for *n*-dodecane hydroconversion was studied. The catalyst prepared with nickel citrate as the precursor possessed stronger metal-support interaction, higher metal dispersion and slightly lower acidity than those prepared with nickel nitrate and alkaline tetraamine nickel nitrate. In the test of *n*-dodecane hydroconversion, this catalyst exhibited better activity and isomerization selectivity due to the intimate interaction between metal and acid functions and the improved (de)hydrogenation capability of the metallic nickel active sites.

$$n-C_{12} \xrightarrow{H_2} i-C_{12} + Cracked products$$

Andrei V. Grafov, Daniela E.B. Lopes, Iryna A. Grafova, Marcos L. Dias, Maria F.V. Marques

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 59

Ethylene polymerisation with hafnocene difencholate/MAO system: a comparison with other hafnocenes Catalytic behaviour of Cp<sub>2</sub>Hf(OC<sub>10</sub>H<sub>17</sub>)<sub>2</sub> in homogenous ethylene polymerisation activated by MAO is discussed in comparison with Cp<sub>2</sub>HfCl<sub>2</sub>/MAO and Cp<sub>2</sub>Hf(OC<sub>11</sub>H<sub>17</sub>)<sub>2</sub>/MAO systems. The influence of  $\sigma$ -bonded bridged alicyclic alcoholatoligand on polymerisation process and polymer properties is shown. Dependence of the catalytic activity and the  $M_w$  of the polyethylene obtained on independent and dependent variables of the process are compared and discussed.

stoichiometric amount of nitric acid.



### Mannepalli L. Kantam, Boyapati M. Choudary, Nadakuditi S. Kumar, Kompella V. Ramprasad

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 67

Beta zeolite: an efficient and eco-friendly catalyst for the nitration of *o*-xylene with high regioselectivity in liquid phase



o-Xylene was nitrated with high regio-selectivity by using beta zeolite as a catalyst and with a

### Qingfa Wang, Zhentao Mi, Yaquan Wang, Li Wang

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 71

Epoxidation of allyl choride with molecular oxygen and 2-ethyl-anthrahydroquinone catalyzed by TS-1 Epichlorohydrin was prepared by direct epoxidation of allyl chloride with  $O_2$  in the presence of 2-ethyl anthrahydroquinone and TS-1 under mild conditions. TS-1 shows high selectivity. Separated by distillation, the working solution is recycled



# Xiaobo Zheng, Paul Blowers

Zeolite catalyzed ethane reactions are investigated using ab initio methods. Applying a cluster method, the activation energies for each reaction are calculated as functions of cluster size and zeolite acidity.

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An ab initio study of ethane conversion reactions on zeolites using the complete basis set composite energy method



### Xi-Tao Wang, Shun-He Zhong, Xiu-Fen Xiao

The surface structure, photoabsorbing behaviors, chemisorbing properties and photo-oxidation performances of ethane with  $CO_2$  over the supported ZnO-TiO<sub>2</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub> catalyst were thoroughly investigated.

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Photo-catalysis of ethane and carbon dioxide to produce hydrocarbon oxygenates over  $ZnO-TiO_2/SiO_2$  catalyst





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## Attila Papp, Krisztina Miklós, Péter Forgo, Árpád Molnár

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Heck coupling by Pd deposited onto organicinorganic hybrid supports



### Bendaoud Nohair, Catherine Especel, Gwendoline Lafaye, Patrice Marécot, Lê Chiên Hoang, Jacques Barbier

The aim of the study is to hydrogenate selectively the ethyl esters of traditional sunflower oil (SOEE) toward the *cis* C18:1 isomers, at  $40^{\circ}$ C in ethanol. The highest selectivity is obtained over Pd/SiO<sub>2</sub> catalysts modified by lead or by addition of amines in the reaction medium.

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 117

Palladium supported catalysts for the selective hydrogenation of sunflower oil



### P. Borges, R. Ramos Pinto, M.A.N.D.A. Lemos, F. Lemos, J.C. Védrine, E.G. Derouane, F. Ramôa Ribeiro

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 127

Activity-acidity relationship for alkane cracking over zeolites: *n*-hexane cracking over HZSM-5

The acidity and the catalytic activity for *n*-hexane cracking of three related HZSM-5 catalysts have been determined. A method is described for obtaining the distribution of acid strength by deconvoluting ammonia TPD spectra and it is shown that a linear relationship exists between the enthalpy of the reaction and the activation energy for the desorption of ammonia.



## Maria C.A.F. Gotardo, André A. Guedes, Marco A. Schiavon, Nádia M. José, I. Valéria P. Yoshida, Marilda D. Assis

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 137

In this work we investigated the catalytic activity of representatives of the three generations of ironporphyrins occluded in a polymeric film based on poly(dimethylsiloxane) (PDMS), in the oxidation of cyclohexane by iodosylbenzene. The results show the influence of the polymeric support on the reactivity of the three generations of metalloporphyrins, its importance in concentrating the substrate close to the catalytic site, and the protection it renders the catalyst against auto-oxidative destruction.

Polymeric membranes: the role this support plays in the reactivity of the different generations of metalloporphyrins

# P.N. Kapoor, S. Uma, S. Rodriguez, K.J. Klabunde

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 145

Aerogel processing of MTi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (M=Mg, Mn, Fe, Co, Zn, Sn) compositions using single source precursors: synthesis, characterization and photocatalytic behavior  $MgTi_{2}O_5$  and the composites  $MTiO_3/TiO_2$  (M=Fe, Co and Zn) were obtained from a single source precursor, (M[OTi(OPr')\_3]\_2), by a modified aerogel process. Of these, CoTiO\_3/TiO\_2, decomposed acetaldehyde in the dark, at room temperature, while the other oxides behaved as regular UV photocatalysts.



#### Zhi Xie, Marcel Schlaf

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 151

Direct transformation of terminal *vic*-diols to primary alcohols and alkanes through hydrogenation catalyzed by [*cis*-Ru(6,6'-Cl<sub>2</sub>-bipy)<sub>2</sub>(OH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>](CF<sub>3</sub> SO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> in acidic medium



R

cat. =  $[Ru(H_2O)_2(6,6'-CI_2-bipy)_2](OTf)_2$ 

The catalyst system consisting of HOTf and [cis-Ru(6,6'-Cl<sub>2</sub>-bipy)<sub>2</sub>(OH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>](CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> effects a direct

Masoud Salavati-Niasari Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 159 Nanoscale microreactor-encapsulation 14-mem- bered nickel(II) hexamethyl tetraaza: synthesis, characterization and catalytic activity	Nanoscale microreactor containing $(5,7,7,12,14, 14$ -hexamethyl-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane- 4,11-diene)nickel(II) were successfully have been prepared by the template condensation of tris(ethy- lenediamine)nickel(II) complex with acetone within the nanodimensional pores of zeolite Y. This complex were entrapped in the supercage of zeolite Y by a two-step process in the liquid phase (i) inclusion of a nickel(II) precursor complex [Ni(en) <sub>3</sub> ] <sup>2+</sup> -NaY and (ii) in situ template reaction of the nickel(II) precursor complex with the acet- one. The host–guest nanoscale tetraaza macrocycle was found catalytic activity. Cyclohexene was cat- alytically oxidized in the presence of molecular oxygen and [Ni(Me <sub>6</sub> [14]ane N <sub>4</sub> )] <sup>2+</sup> -NaY in the
Qian Deng, Shaoliang Jiang, Tiejun Cai, Zhen-	H <sub>4</sub> PMo <sub>11</sub> VO <sub>40</sub> -based heteropoly catalysts modi-

absence of solvent at 70°C, affording 2-cyclohexene-1-ol and 2-cyclohexene-1-one.

[cat.], 125 °C ~ 700 psi H<sub>2</sub>(g)



#### Qian Deng, Shaoliang Jiang, Tiejun Cai, Zhenshan Peng, Zhengjun Fang

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Selective oxidation of isobutane over  $H_xFe_{0.12}$ . Mo<sub>11</sub>VPAs<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>y</sub> heteropoly compound catalyst  $H_4PMo_{11}VO_{40}$ -based heteropoly catalysts modified with transition metals were synthesized and applied in the selective oxidation of isobutane. A conversion of 23.9% and desirable selectivity to MAA of 69.9% can be obtained under optimal conditions over the catalyst  $H_xFe_{0.12}Mo_{11}$  $VPAs_{0.3}O_y$ . The Fe modification resulted in the improvements in both conversion and selectivity to MAA. In addition, the modification with As makes for the enhancement of selectivity to MAA, while the addition of K or Cs causes a negative effect on the catalytic property.



# Sagar Sharma, Nilotpal Barooah, Jubaraj B. Baruah

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 171

Tris(3,5-dimethylpyrazole)copper(II) nitrate: as an oxidation catalyst



#### Martin E. Bluhm, Cristina Folli, Olaf Walter, Manfred Döring

Nickel(II)-based Schiff base *N*,*N*-complexes **1a**, bis(imino)oxalate complexes **1b**, and N,P-coordinated complexes **2** are active precatalysts together with the cocatalyst MAO for the oligomerization of ethylene and the production of olefins with short chain lengths.

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Nitrogen- and phosphorus-coordinated nickel(II) complexes as catalysts for the oligomerization of ethylene



## Ragnar Larsson, Börje Folkesson

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 183

A catalytic oxidation of sugar by vanadium(IV)

azolyl)borate complexes of late transition metals

A complete oxidation of sucrose, glucose, xylose with vanadium(IV) as the oxidant can be achieved in acid solution with platinum as a catalyst. The resultant V(III) species can be part of a fuel cell concept. A tentative mechanism is proposed.

 $48 \text{ VO}^{2+} + 48 \text{ H}^+ + \text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_{11} \rightarrow 48 \text{ V}^{3+} + 12 \text{ CO}_2 + 35 \text{ H}_2\text{O}_{11}$ 



# Lina Yang, Yutai Qi, Xingdong Yuan, Jian Shen, Jiman Kim

Mesoporous molecular sieve SBA-15 containing phosphotungstic acid  $H_3PW_{12}O_{40}$  was directly synthesized. Compared with the post synthesized sample, the catalysts stability was improved remarkably.

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Direct synthesis, characterization and catalytic application of SBA-15 containing heteropolyacid  $H_3PW_{12}O_{40}$ 



#### Agnieszka Wróblewska

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 207

Liquid phase epoxidation of allylic compounds with hydrogen peroxide over titanium silicalite catalysts



$$CH_2=CR-CH_2X+H_2O_2$$
  $\xrightarrow{Ti-zeolite}$   $CH_2=CR-CH_2X+H_2O_2$ 

(R=H, CH<sub>3</sub>; X=OH, Cl; Ti-zeolite = TS-1, TS-2, Ti-Beta, Ti-MCM-41)

# Puttaswamy, R.V. Jagadeesh, Nirmala Vaz, A. Radhakrishna

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 211

Ru(III)-catalysed oxidation of some *N*-heterocycles by chloramine-T in hydrochloric acid medium: a kinetic and mechanistic study The following general scheme is proposed for the Ru(III)-catalysed oxidation of *N*-heterocycles by chloramine-T in acid medium to explain the experimental results: (i) TsNHCl +  $H_3O^+ \frac{K_1}{K_2}$ TsNH<sub>2</sub> +  $H_2O^+Cl$  fast

(ii) 
$$S + nH_2O^+CI \stackrel{R_2}{\rightleftharpoons} X$$
 fast  
(iii)  $X + Ru(III) \stackrel{R_3}{\rightleftharpoons} X'$  fast

r

(iv)  $X' \xrightarrow{k_4}$  products slow and r.d.s

Here n = 3 for imidazole, 2 for benzimidazole and 1 for 2-hydroxybenzimidazole, 2-aminobenzimidazole and 2-phenylbenzimidazole. S, X and X' represents the substrate and complex intermediate species. The above scheme leads to the following rate law:

ate = 
$$\frac{K_1K_2K_3K_4[CAT]_{f}[S][H_3O^+][Ru(III)]}{[TsNH_2] + K_1[H_3O^+] + K_1K_2[S][H_3O^+] + K_1K_2K_3[S][H_3O^+][Ru(III)]}$$

# Srinivasan Palaniappan, Chandrasekaran Saravanan, Vaidya Jayathirtha Rao

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 221

Synthesis of polyaniline-bismoclite composite and its function as recoverable and reusable catalyst Polyaniline-bismoclite (PANI-BC) composite, which is effective in catalyzing the condensation of indole and carbonyl compounds, has been synthesized and characterized by spectral, physical and electrical methods.



# Omar Saaduddin Ahmed, Dipak Kumar Dutta

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 227

Metal ion-exchanged clay composites such as  $M^{II}$ -Mont and  $M^{II}$ -Mont (AT) where M=Zn and Cd, Mont=montmorillonite clay of the types Mont<sub>1</sub> (SWy-2) and Mont<sub>2</sub> (Neelkanth), and AT=acid treated have been synthesized, characterized by X-ray diffraction analysis and evaluated as catalysts for Friedel-Crafts reaction particularly for benzylation of benzene.

Friedel-Crafts benzylation of benzene using Zn and Cd ions exchanged clay composites

### Chunying Wu, Xiping Zhao, Yingjie Ren, Yinghong Yue, Weiming Hua, Yong Cao, Yi Tang, Zi Gao

Nanosized zirconia powders with different phase structure and specific surface area were used as catalysts for gas-phase photocatalytic oxidations. The amorphous zirconia calcined at 110°C shows the highest photocatalytic activity.

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Gas-phase photo-oxidations of organic compounds over different forms of zirconia

### Trissa Joseph, S.B. Halligudi

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 241

Oxyfunctionalization of limonene using vanadium complex anchored on functionalized SBA-15

VO(Salten) where, Salten=3-[N,N'-bis-3-(salicylidenamino)ethyltriamine] was covalently anchored on functionalized SBA-15 and used for the oxyfunctionalization of limonene in presence of urea hydroperoxide (UHP) as the oxygen source. The oxyfunctionalization of limonene resulted in limonene oxide carvone, carvacrol and carveol.



# M. Isaacs, F. Armijo, G. Ramírez, E. Trollund, S.R. Biaggio, J. Costamagna, M.J. Aguirre

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 229 (2005) 249

Electrochemical reduction of  $CO_2$  mediated by poly-M-aminophthalocyanines (M=Co, Ni, Fe): poly-Co-tetraaminophthalocyanine, a selective catalyst The electrochemical reduction of  $CO_2$  on glassy carbon modified with poly-M-tetrakisaminophthalocyanines (M=Co, Ni, Fe) shows that the cobalt complex is selective giving formic acid as the unique product.

$$M(II)L + e^{-} \rightarrow M(I)L$$

$$M(I)L + CO_{2} \rightarrow [M(I)L - --CO_{2}]$$

$$[M(I)L - ---CO_{2}] + e^{-} + 2H^{+} \rightarrow HCO_{2}H + M(II)L$$

## Contents

# Maw-Ling Wang, Ze-Fa Lee, Feng-Sheng Wang

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Synthesis of novel multi-site phase-transfer catalyst and its application in the reaction of 4,4'-bis(chloromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl with 1-buta-nol



$$\mathsf{CIH}_2\mathsf{C} \longrightarrow \mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CI} + 2\mathsf{R}_3\mathsf{N} \longrightarrow \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_1 + \mathsf{CI}_1}_{\mathsf{R}_1} \times \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_1 + \mathsf{CI}_2}_{\mathsf{R}_1} \times \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_1 + \mathsf{CI}_2}_{\mathsf{R}_2} \times \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_1 + \mathsf{CI}_2}_{\mathsf{R}_2} \times \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_1 + \mathsf{CI}_2}_{\mathsf{R}_2} \times \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}_2 + \mathsf{R}} \times \mathsf{R} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{R}} \times \mathsf{R} \times \mathsf$$

Mulit-site phase transfer catalyzed etherification of 4,4'-bis(chloromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl in synthesizing 4,4'-bis(butoxymethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl

$$2 \text{ KOH} + 2 \text{ C}_4 \text{H}_9 \text{OH} + \text{CIH}_2 \text{C} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \text{CI} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \textbf{R} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \textbf{R} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \textbf{R} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \xrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \text{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{CI}} \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}_+ \overrightarrow{\textbf{R}_+ \textbf{R}$$